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1. The Army groups cold temperatures into five categories, what are the categories? (ATP 3-90.97)

Answer:

- Wet-cold: +39°F to +20°F (4°C to -6°C).
- Dry-cold: +19°F to -4°F (-7°C to -20°C).
- Intense-cold: -5°F to -25°F (-20°C to -32°C).
- Extreme-cold: -26°F to -40°F (-32°C to -40°C).
- Hazardous-cold: -40°F (-40°C) and below.



2. In accordance with TC 3-04.4, what is the most hazardous condition associated with flying in cold weather (excluding aircraft preflight)?

Answer: Aircraft structural icing.

3. The National Weather Service categories for visibility restriction caused by snow defines light snow as visibility greater than _____ statute mile or more. By this definition, light snow could be a serious restriction to visibility. The effects of snow and its inherent dangers to flight operations are covered in more detail in TC 3-04.04, Chapter 3.

Answer:One-half (1/2).

4. True or False: Rotor blade icing begins near the blade tip. This ice buildup may cause loss of lift, which requires additional engine power.

Answer: False, rotor blade icing begins near the blade root (TC 3-04.4).

5. How does TC 3-04.4 define flat light?

Answer: Flat light is a variation of the height-depth illusion, also known as sector or partial whiteout. It is not as severe as whiteout, but the condition causes crewmembers to lose their depth-of-field and contrast in vision.

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